

Honors Algebra 3-4

3.1-3.3 Practice

Name Key Period _____

1. Without using a calculator, sketch the graph of $f(x) = 3^{(x-2)} - 1$

Identify:

y-intercept: $(0, -\frac{8}{9})$

asymptote: $y = -1$

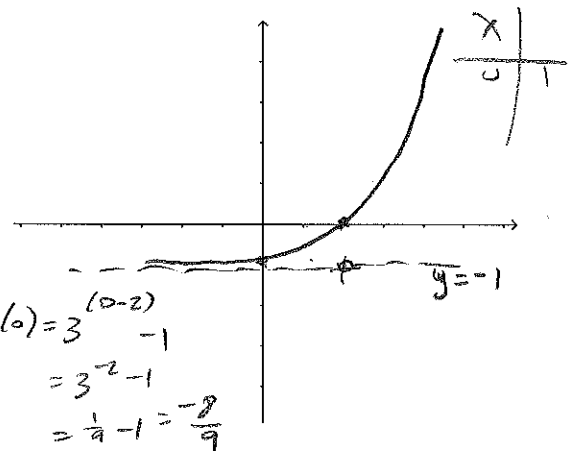
domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$

range: $(-1, \infty)$

x intervals where $f(x)$ is increasing: $(-\infty, \infty)$

x intervals where $f(x)$ is decreasing: none

$f(x) = 3^{(x-2)} - 1$
 shift right 2
 down 1
 $y = 3^x$



$f(0) = 3^{(0-2)} - 1$
 $= 3^{-2} - 1$
 $= \frac{1}{9} - 1 = -\frac{8}{9}$

2. \$5000 is invested in an account at a rate of 4% compounded quarterly. What is the balance at the end of 4 years?

$A = P(1 + \frac{r}{n})^{nt} = 5000(1 + \frac{0.04}{4})^{4(4)} = \5862.89

3. Jill wants to have \$32,000 in her bank account at the end of 20 years. If the account pays 5% interest and is compounded continuously, how much money will Jill need to put into her account initially in order to reach her goal?

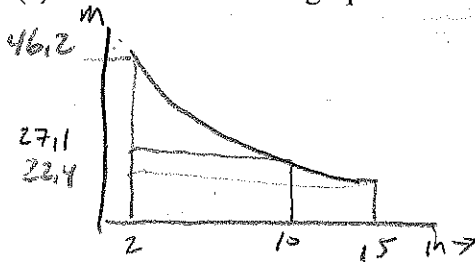
$A = Pe^{rt}$
 $32000 = Pe^{.05(20)}$
 $32000 = Pe^1$
 $\frac{32000}{e^1} = \frac{Pe^1}{e^1}$
 $P = \frac{32000}{e} = \$11772.14$

4. The number of miles, m , of roads cleared of snow is approximated by the model $m = 25 - \frac{13 \ln(\frac{h}{12})}{\ln 3}$

where h is the depth of snow in inches and $2 \leq h \leq 15$.

(a) Use a calculator to graph the function:

(b) How many miles of road can be cleared if the snow is 10 inches deep?



27 miles

5. Evaluate: $\log_a a^3$

$a^x = a^3$
 $x = 3$

6. Evaluate: $\log_7 1$

$7^x = 1$
 $x = 0$

7. Evaluate: $\ln e^7$

$\ln e^7 = 7$
 cancel

8. Write in exponential form: $\log_4 16 = 2$

$$4^2 = 16$$

9. Evaluate (to 3 decimal places): $\log_4 24$

$$= \frac{\ln 24}{\ln 4} \approx 2.292$$

10. Write as a sum, difference, or multiple of logarithms: $\log_2 \left(\frac{2x^3y^2}{z^4} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \log_2 2 + \log_2 x^3 + \log_2 y^2 - \log_2 z^4 \\ &= \log_2 2 + 3\log_2 x + 2\log_2 y - 4\log_2 z \end{aligned}$$

11. Write as a sum, difference, or multiple of logarithms: $\ln \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^2}{2y^4}} = \ln \left(\frac{x^2}{2y^4} \right)^{1/3}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{3} [\ln x^2 - \ln 2 - \ln y^4] \\ &= \frac{1}{3} [2\ln x - \ln 2 - 4\ln y] \\ &= \frac{2}{3}\ln x - \frac{1}{3}\ln 2 - \frac{4}{3}\ln y \end{aligned}$$

12. Write as the logarithm of a single quantity: $\frac{1}{2} [5\log_3 x + 2\log_3 y - \log_3 w] = \frac{1}{2} [\log_3 x^5 + \log_3 y^2 - \log_3 w]$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \log_3 \left(\frac{x^5 y^2}{w} \right) = \log_3 \left(\frac{x^5 y^2}{w} \right)^{1/2} \\ &= \log_3 \sqrt{\frac{x^5 y^2}{w}} \end{aligned}$$

13. Solve for x: $\log_4 2x = \log_4 10$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x &= 10 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

14. Solve for x: $4^{x-2} = 16^x$

$$\begin{aligned} 4^{x-2} &= (4^2)^x \\ 4^{x-2} &= 4^{2x} \\ x-2 &= 2x \\ -2 &= x \end{aligned}$$

15. Evaluate: $\log_2 24^{4.2}$

$$\begin{aligned} 4.2 \log_2 24 \\ 4.2 \frac{\ln 24}{\ln 2} &= 19.257 \end{aligned}$$

16. Evaluate: $\log_4 27$

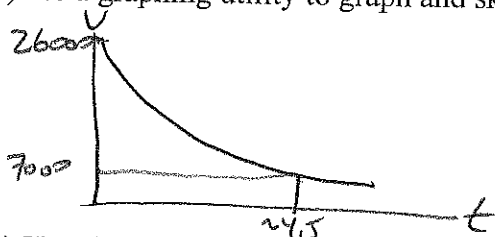
$$\frac{\ln 27}{\ln 4} \approx 2.377$$

17. Evaluate: $\log_2 6 - \log_2 3$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_2 \left(\frac{6}{3} \right) \\ \log_2 2 \quad 2^x = 2 \quad x = 1 \end{aligned}$$

18. After t years, the value of a car that originally cost \$26,000 is $V(t) = 26,000 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^t$

(a) use a graphing utility to graph and sketch the function:



(b) How long does it take for the value of the car to drop below \$7000?

~4.5 years

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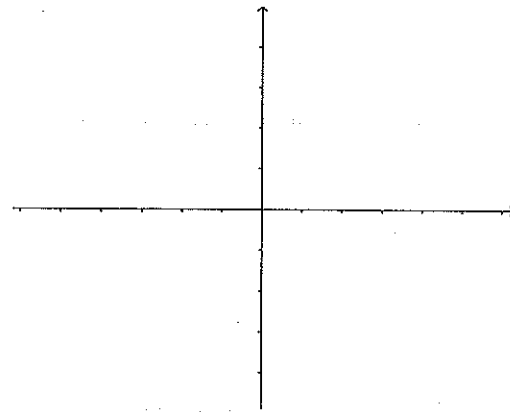
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14. Solve for x: $4^{x-2} = 16^x$

15. Evaluate: $\log_2 24^{42}$

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