

AP Calculus BC – Unit 8 Extra Practice

8.1 – Extra Practice

Identify the type of each conic section.

#7b. $3x^2 - 5y^2 - 10y - 80 = 0$

#8b. $3x^2 + 4y^2 - 8y - 116 = 0$

#9b. $-2x^2 + 20x + y - 47 = 0$

#10b. $9x^2 + 49y^2 + 291y = 0$

#11b. $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 8y + 19 = 0$

#12b. $-x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 2y - 4 = 0$

Identify the center and radius of each circle.

$$\#13b. (x-5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$$

$$\#14b. (x+13)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 13$$

Sketch the conic section already in standard form.

$$\#15b. \frac{(x+2)^2}{81} + \frac{(y-10)^2}{4} = 1$$

$$\#16b. \frac{(x-4)^2}{16} - \frac{(y+3)^2}{9} = 1$$

$$\#17b. \frac{(y-3)^2}{16} - \frac{(x+1)^2}{4} = 1$$

$$\#18b. (y+2)^2 = -8(x-4)$$

Convert the equation to standard form and sketch.

#19b. $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 6y + 2 = 0$

#20b. $-x^2 + 25y^2 - 150y + 200 = 0$

#21b. $4x^2 + y^2 - 2y - 35 = 0$

#22b. $y^2 + x - 5 = 0$

8.2 – Extra Practice

Sketch the curve of the parametric equation by either converting the equation to rectangular form, or using a table, then use your calculator to verify your sketch.

#9b. $x = 5 - 4t$, $y = 2 + 5t$

#10b. $x = t^2$, $y = t^4 + 1$

#11b. $x = t + 2$, $y = \frac{t}{t-1}$

Sketch the curve of the parametric equation by either converting the equation to rectangular form, or using a table, then use your calculator to verify your sketch.

#12b. $x = \cos(\theta)$, $y = 2 \sin(2\theta)$

#13b. $x = t^3$, $y = 3 \ln(t)$

8.3 day 1 – Extra Practice

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the given parametric equations.

#2b. $x = \sqrt[3]{t}$, $y = 4 - t$

#3b. $x = 2e^\theta$, $y = e^{\left(\frac{-1}{2}\theta\right)}$

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ and find the slope and concavity (if possible) at the given value of the parameter.

#4b. $x = \sqrt{t}$, $y = 3t - 1$ (at $t = 1$)

#5b. $x = \cos(\theta)$, $y = 3\sin(\theta)$ (at $t = 0$)

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ and find the slope and concavity (if possible) at the given value of the parameter.

#6b. $x = \sqrt{t+1}$, $y = \sqrt{t-1}$ (at $t = 2$)

Find the equations of the tangent lines at the point where the curve crosses itself.

#7b. $x = t^2 - t$, $y = t^3 - 3t - 1$

Find all points (if any) of horizontal or vertical tangency to the curve.

#8b. $x = t + 1$, $y = t^2 + 3t$

Find all points (if any) of horizontal or vertical tangency to the curve.

#9b. $x = \cos(\theta)$, $y = 2\sin(2\theta)$

Determine the open t -intervals on which the curve is concave up or concave down.

#10b. $x = t^2$, $y = \ln(t)$

8.3 day 2 – Extra Practice

Find the arc length of the curve on the given interval.

#2b. $x = 6t^2$, $y = 2t^3$ $(1 \leq t \leq 4)$

#3b. $x = \arcsin(t)$, $y = \ln(\sqrt{1-t^2})$ $\left(0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2}\right)$