

key

Rio Salado's Online College Algebra Accuplacer Review Questions (2013-2014)

#1. Teresa has 5 shirts, 3 pairs of shorts and 2 hats. How many different outfits can she wear consisting of one of each?

A) 45

B) 30

C) 60

D) 14

E) 11

$$5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 30$$

#2a. Factor: $25a^2 - 9b^2 = (5a)^2 - (3b)^2 = (5a - 3b)(5a + 3b)$

A) $16a^2b^2$

B) $(5a + 3b)^2$

C) $(5a - 3b)^2$

D) $(25a - 9b)(25a + 9b)$

E) $(5a - 3b)(5a + 3b)$

#2b. Factor: $(x + 2)^2 - 4y^2 = (x + 2)^2 - (2y)^2 = (x + 2 - 2y)(x + 2 + 2y)$

A) $(x + 2 - 2y)(x + 2 + 2y)$

B) $(x + 2 - 2y)^2$

C) $(x + 2 - 4y)(x + 2 + 4y)$

D) $(x + 2 + 2y)^2$

E) $x^2 + 4 - 4y^2$

#3. In the right triangle shown, $\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}} = \frac{b}{c}$

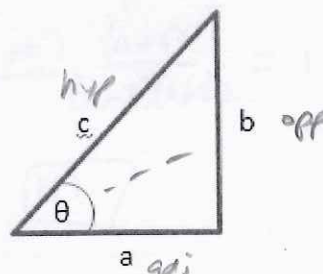
A) $\frac{a}{b}$

B) $\frac{a}{c}$

C) $\frac{b}{a}$

D) $\frac{b}{c}$

E) $\frac{c}{b}$



#4a. A rectangular room has dimensions as shown: What is its perimeter in feet?

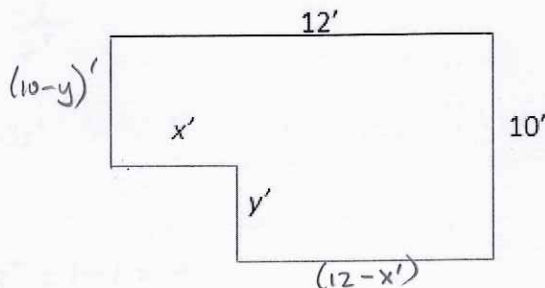
A) $44 - x - y$

B) $22 + x + y$

C) 44

D) $44 + x + y$

E) $22 - (x + y)$



#4b. A rectangular room has dimensions $x + 4$ by $x - 3$. What is its area in terms of x ?

A) $x^2 - x + 12$

B) $x^2 - 12$

C) $2x + 1$

D) $4x + 2$

E) $x^2 + x - 12$

$$(x + 4)(x - 3) = x^2 + x - 12$$

#5a. $\frac{2}{\cos 2x} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos 2x} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{\sec 2x}{1} = 2 \sec 2x$

A) $\tan 2x$

B) $2 \sec 2x$

C) $\frac{1}{2} \sec x$

D) $\sin 2x$

E) $\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x$

#5b. $\frac{2}{\cot 3\theta} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\cot 3\theta} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{\tan 3\theta}{1} = 2 \tan 3\theta$

A) $2 \sin 3\theta$

B) $\frac{\tan 3\theta}{2}$

C) $\frac{2 \cos \theta}{3}$

D) $2 \tan 3\theta$

E) $6 \tan \theta$

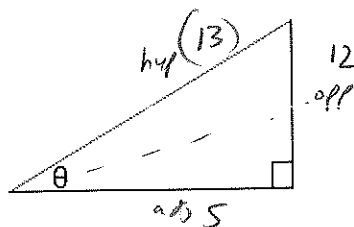
#6. If $a = \frac{b}{2}$, what is the value of $4(a+1)^2$ in terms of b ?

- A) $2b^2 + 4b + 4$ B) $b^2 + 2b + 1$ C) $4b^2 + 2b + 4$ D) $2b^2 + 2b + 1$ E) $b^2 + 4b + 4$

$$4\left(\frac{b}{2}+1\right)^2 = 4\left(\frac{b}{2}+1\right)\left(\frac{b}{2}+1\right) = 4\left(\frac{b^2}{4} + b + 1\right) = b^2 + 4b + 4$$

#7. If $\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$, then $\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{5}{13}\right)} = \frac{13}{5}$

- A) $\frac{5}{12}$ B) $\frac{13}{5}$ C) $\frac{13}{12}$ D) $\frac{12}{13}$ E) $\frac{5}{13}$



#8. If $\begin{cases} a+b+c=7 \\ a+c=2 \\ 2a+b+c=11 \end{cases}$, what is the value of a ?

$$\begin{array}{r} 2a+b+c=11 \\ -a-b-c=-7 \\ \hline a=4 \end{array}$$

- A) 5 B) 3 C) -2 D) 7 E) 4

#9. Simplify: $\left(\frac{a^2-3a+2}{a-1}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{a+2}{a^2-4}\right) = \frac{(a-1)(a-2)}{(a-1)} \cdot \frac{(a+2)}{(a-2)(a+2)} = 1$

- A) $\frac{a+2}{a-2}$ B) $\frac{3a+2}{a-2}$ C) a D) $\frac{a-2}{a+2}$ E) 1

#10. If $\left(\frac{-3xy}{z^2}\right)^2 = -3p(x^2y^2)$, then $p = \frac{9x^2y^2}{-3z^4x^2y^2} = \frac{-3}{z^4}$

- A) $\frac{-3}{z^4}$ B) $3z^4$ C) $\frac{-1}{z^4}$ D) $\frac{-3xy}{z^4}$ E) $-3z^4$

#11. If $f(x) = x^3 - 3^{(x-1)}$, then $f(1) = (1)^3 - 3^{(1-1)} = 1 - 3^0 = 1 - 1 = 0$

- A) 4 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1 E) 0

#12. If $|3x-5|=10$, then $x=$

- A) 5 or -5 B) $-\frac{5}{3}$ only C) 5 or $-\frac{5}{3}$ D) $\frac{5}{3}$ only E) 5 only

$$\begin{array}{ll} 3x-5=10 & \text{or } 3x-5=-10 \\ 3x=15 & 3x=-5 \\ x=5 & x=-\frac{5}{3} \end{array}$$

#13. If $f(x) = \frac{3}{x+1}$ and $g(x) = x+1$, then $f(g(x)) = \frac{3}{(x+1)+1} = \frac{3}{x+2}$

- A) $3x+3$ B) $\frac{3}{x+2}$ C) $\frac{3}{x+1}$ D) 3 E) $3x+1$

#14. What is the domain of $g(x) = \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x^2-4}}$

$$x^2 - 4 > 0 \\ x^2 > 4 \text{ (outside circle)} \quad x > 2 \text{ or } x < -2$$

- A) $x > 2$ or $x < -2$ B) All Real numbers C) All Real numbers except 2 and -2
D) $-2 < x < 2$ E) All Real numbers except -2

#15a. If $\csc \theta$ is undefined, then $\sin \theta$ is

$$\csc \theta = \frac{\text{something}}{0} \text{ so } \sin \theta = \frac{0}{\text{something}} = 0$$

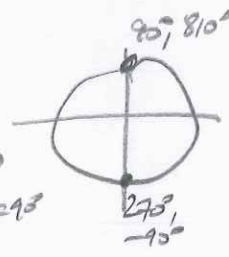
- A) undefined B) $\frac{1}{2}$ C) 1 D) 0 E) -1

#15b. If $\sec \theta$ is undefined, then θ could not be

$$\sec \theta = \frac{\text{something}}{0}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{0}{\text{something}} = 0$$

$$\frac{810^\circ}{90} = 9^\circ$$



- A) 300° B) 90° C) -90° D) 270° E) 810°

#16. Which of the following is **not** in the solutions set of $|x-3| \leq 2$?

- A) 3 B) 4 C) 1 D) 0 E) 2

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 \leq x-3 \leq 2 \\ +3 \quad +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline 1 \leq x \leq 5 \end{array}$$

#17. What is the difference between the largest and the smallest y values of the function $y = 2\sin 3x$?

- A) 3 B) 2 C) 6 D) 4 E) 1

$$2(\pm 1) = \pm 2$$

#18. If a_n is a sequence whose n^{th} term is $2^{(n+1)} - 2^{(n-1)}$, then what is a_4 ?

- A) 32 B) 4 C) 64 D) 8 E) 24

$$2^{(4+1)} - 2^{(4-1)} = 2^5 - 2^3 = 32 - 8 = 24$$

#19a. If f is a quadratic function that has zeros that are the same distance in opposite directions from the origin, which of these is f ?

- A) $x^2 - 2x + 1$ B) $x^2 + 1$ C) $x^2 + 4x$ D) $x^2 - x$ E) $x^2 - 4$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{-2 \quad 2}$$

#19b. If f is a quadratic function that has zeros seven units apart, which of these is f ?

- A) $x^2 - 6x - 7$ B) $x^2 - 8x + 7$ C) $x^2 + x - 12$ D) $x^2 - 8x + 12$ E) $x^2 - 7x + 6$
(x-7)(x+1) (x-1)(x-7) (x+4)(x-3) (x-6)(x-2) (x-1)(x-6)
7 -1 1 7 -4 3 6 2 1 6
(d=8) (d=6) (d=7) (d=4) (d=5)

#20a. Which of the following lines has slope $-\frac{3}{4}$?

A) $4x - 3y = 1$

B) $4x + 3y = 6$

C) $3x + 4y = 2$

D) $3x - 4y = 12$

E) $x + y = -\frac{3}{4}$

$$4y = -3x + 2 \\ y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

#20b. Which of the following lines has intercepts at $x = 3$, and $y = 2$?

A) $4x - 3y = 1$

B) $4x + 3y = 6$

C) $3x + 4y = 2$

D) $3x - 4y = 12$

E) $x + y = -\frac{3}{4}$

A) $2x + 3y = 6$

B) $2x - y = 6$

C) $3x - 2y = 6$

D) $2x - 3y = 6$

E) $3x + 2y = 6$

$$x=3 \\ y=2$$

$$x=3 \\ y=-6$$

$$x=2 \\ y=-3$$

$$x=3 \\ y=-2$$

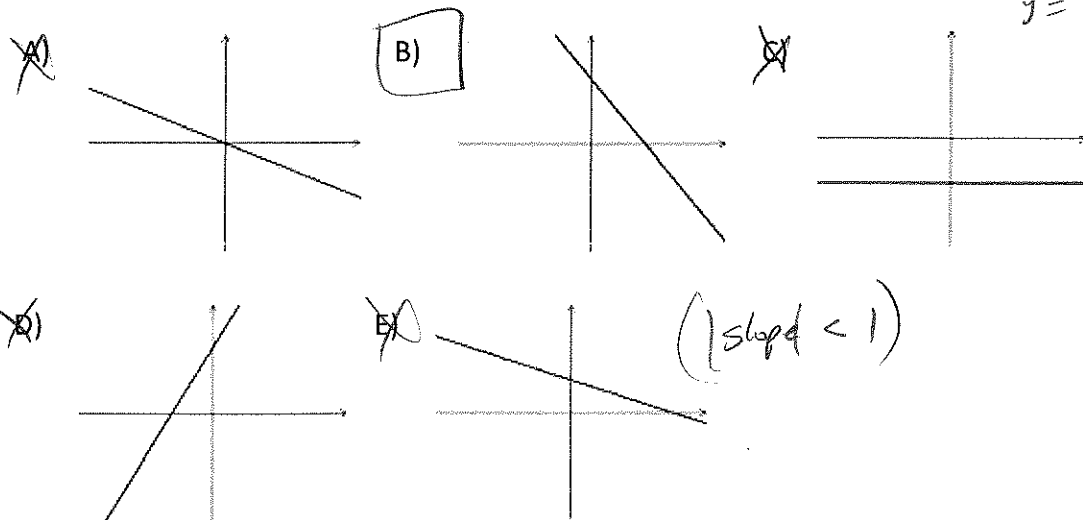
$$x=2 \\ y=3$$

$$4x - 3y = -3$$

20c. Which of the following graphs could represent $3x + 2y = 12$?

$$2y = -3x + 12$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 6$$



#21a. Which of the following functions contains the points $(0, 1)$ and $(2, 1)$?

~~A~~ $y = 2|x - 1|$ ~~B~~ $y = |x + 1|$ C $y = |x - 1|$ ~~D~~ $y = |x - 2|$ ~~E~~ $y = |2x - 1|$

#21b. Which of the following quadratic functions contains the points $(-2, 0)$ and $(3, 0)$?

~~A~~ $y = x^2 + x + 6$ B $y = x^2 - x - 6$ ~~C~~ $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$ ~~D~~ $y = x^2 + x - 6$ ~~E~~ $y = 9x^2 - 4$

#22a. The curve $y = 4^x$ intersects the line $y = 8$ at which of the following points?

A) $(2, 8)$ B) $(4, 8)$ C) $(1, 8)$ D) $(\frac{2}{3}, 8)$ E) $(\frac{3}{2}, 8)$

$$8 = 4^x$$

$$2^3 = (2^2)^x$$

$$2^3 = 2^{2x} \quad 2x = 3$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

#22b. At which x value(s) does the curve $y = x^2 + 2$ intersect the line $y = 6$?

A) no values B) 4 only C) 4 and -4 D) 2 and -2 E) 2 only

$$6 = x^2 + 2$$

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

#23a. If $\frac{6}{3 + \sqrt{3}} = a - b\sqrt{3}$, then $a - b =$

A) 6 B) 3 C) 9 D) 2 E) 1

$$\frac{6(3 - \sqrt{3})}{(3 + \sqrt{3})(3 - \sqrt{3})} = \frac{18 - 6\sqrt{3}}{9 - 3} = \frac{18}{6} - \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$= 3 - \sqrt{3}$$

$$a = 3 \quad b = 1$$

$$3 - 1 = 2$$

#23b. Where it is defined, $\frac{\sqrt{x} - 2}{x - 4}$ is equivalent to

A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}$ B) $\sqrt{x} - 2$ C) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2$ D) $\sqrt{x} + 2$

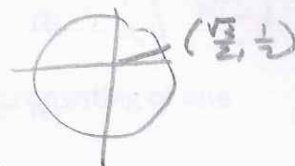
E) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 2}$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x} - 2)(\sqrt{x} + 2)}{(x - 4)(\sqrt{x} + 2)}$$

$$\frac{x - 4}{x\sqrt{x} + 2x - 4\sqrt{x} - 8}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 2} = \frac{(x + 4)}{(x + 4)(\sqrt{x} + 2)} = \frac{(x + 4)}{x\sqrt{x} + 2x + 4\sqrt{x} + 8}$$

#24. Which of the following functions contains the point $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}, 2\right)$?



- A) $y = 2 \sin x$ $2\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$
 B) $y = \csc x$ $\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$
 C) $y = \tan x$ $\frac{1/2}{\sqrt{3}/2}$
 D) $y = 2 \sec x$ $2\left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$
 E) $y = 2 \cot x$ $2\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}/2}{1/2}\right)$

#25. $\sum_{k=-2}^1 \frac{2k}{k+3} = ?$

- A) $\frac{9}{2}$ B) -4 C) 5 D) $-\frac{9}{2}$ E) -5

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \frac{2(-2)}{(-2)+3} & \frac{2(-1)}{(-1)+3} & \frac{2(0)}{(0)+3} & \frac{2(1)}{(1)+3} & & & \\ \frac{-4}{1} & \frac{-2}{2} & \frac{0}{3} & \frac{2}{4} & -5 + \frac{1}{2} & & \\ -4 & -1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{10}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{9}{2} & & \end{array}$$

#26a. f contains the points $(3, 1)$ and $(1, -3)$. If f^{-1} is the inverse of f , what is the value of $f^{-1}(f(3))$?

- A) $\frac{1}{3}$ B) $-\frac{1}{3}$ C) 3 D) -1 E) 1

$$f^{-1}(1) = 3$$

#26b. A linear function f has slope 2 and y-intercept 3. What are the slope and y-intercept of its inverse f^{-1} ?

- A) $\frac{1}{2}$ and -3 B) -2 and $\frac{1}{3}$ C) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $-\frac{3}{2}$ D) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ E) -2 and -3

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 2x + 3 \\ x &= \frac{y-3}{2} \\ 2y &= x-3 \\ y &= \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

#27. The line $y = 3x + 1$ intersects the line $y = kx - 2$ where $x = 1$. What is the value of k ?

- A) 4 B) 7 C) 6 D) 1 E) 2

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 3(1) + 1 \\ y &= 4 \\ y &= k(1) - 2 \\ y &= k - 2 \\ k - 2 &= 4 \\ k &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

#28a. If $(2+i)(3+i) = a+bi$, what is the value of $a+b$?

- A) 3 B) 2 C) 10 D) 5 E) 9

$$\begin{aligned} 6 + 5i + i^2 \\ 6 + 5i - 1 \\ 5 + 5i \end{aligned}$$

#28b. If $(3+i)^2 = a+bi$, what is the value of $a+b$?

- A) 15 B) 8 C) 5 D) 14 E) 16

$$\begin{aligned} 9 + 6i + i^2 \\ 8 + 6i \end{aligned}$$

#29a. Mary's age now is 6 years more than twice the sum of the ages of her two children. In 3 years her age will be 22 years less than three times the sum of their ages. How old is Mary now?

- A) 32 B) 35 C) 27 D) 29 E) 26

#29b. If Tanya could increase her running speed by 1 mph, she could complete a six mile race in 18 minutes less time. What is her current rate in mph?

- A) 4 B) 5 C) 3.5 D) 4.5 E) 3

#30a. If $x-3$ is a factor of $x^3 + bx^2 - 9$, then $b =$

- A) 9 B) 1 C) -3 D) -2 E) 3

#30b. If $2x^3 - cx + 3$ is divided by $x+2$, the remainder is -3 . What is the value of c ?

- A) 5 B) 3 C) 1 D) 2 E) -3

29a

m a b

$$m = 6 + 2(a+b)$$

$$m+3 = 3(a+3+b+3) - 22$$

$$m+3 = 3(a+b) + 18 - 22$$

$$m+3 = 3(a+b) - 4$$

$$(a+b) = \frac{m-6}{2}$$

$$(a+b) = \frac{m+3+4}{3} = \frac{m+7}{3}$$

$$\frac{m-6}{2} = \frac{m+7}{3}$$

$$3m - 18 = 2m + 14$$

$$m = 32$$

29b

$$18 \text{ min} = \frac{18}{60} = \frac{6(3)}{6(10)} = \frac{3}{10} \text{ hrs}$$

$$d = rt$$

$$6 = rt \rightarrow t = \frac{6}{r}$$

$$6 = (r+1)(t - \frac{3}{10})$$

$$rt = (r+1)(t - \frac{3}{10})$$

$$rt = rt - \frac{3}{10}r + t - \frac{3}{10}$$

$$-\frac{3}{10}r + t - \frac{3}{10} = 0$$

$$-\frac{3}{10}r + \frac{6}{r} - \frac{3}{10} = 0$$

$$-\frac{3}{10}r^2 - \frac{3}{10}r + 6 = 0$$

$$-3r^2 - 3r + 60 = 0$$

$$3r^2 + 3r - 60 = 0$$

$$r^2 + r - 20 = 0$$

$$(r+5)(r-4) = 0$$

$$r = -5 \text{ or } 4$$

$$4 \text{ mph}$$

30a

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + (b+3)x + 3 \\ x-3 \overline{) x^3 + bx^2 + 0x - 9} \quad \text{no remainder} \\ \underline{-(x^3 - 3x^2)} \\ (b+3)x^2 + 0x \\ \underline{-((b+3)x^2 - 3(b+3)x)} \\ 3(b+3)x - 9 \\ \underline{-(3x - 9)} \\ (3(b+3) - 3)x \quad 0 \leftarrow \text{remainder} \end{array}$$

$$3(b+3) - 3 = 0$$

$$3(b+3) - 3 = 0$$

$$3(b+3) = 3$$

$$b+3 = 1$$

$$b = -2$$

check:

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + x + 3 \\ x-3 \overline{) x^3 - 2x^2 + 0x - 9} \\ \underline{-(x^3 - 3x^2)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + 0x \\ \underline{-(x^3 - 3x^2)} \\ 3x - 9 \\ \underline{3x - 9} \\ 0 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

30b

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 - 4x + 3 \\ x+2 \overline{) 2x^3 + 0x^2 - cx + 3} \quad \text{remainder } -3 \\ \underline{-(2x^3 + 4x^2)} \\ -4x^2 - cx \\ \underline{-(-4x^2 - 8x)} \\ (-c+8)x + 3 \\ \underline{-(3x + 6)} \\ -3 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$-c+8-3 = 0$$

$$-c+8 = 3$$

$$c = 5$$

check:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x^2 - 4x + 3 \\ x+2 \overline{) 2x^3 + 0x^2 - 5x + 3} \\ \underline{-(2x^3 + 4x^2)} \\ -4x^2 - 5x \\ \underline{-(-4x^2 - 8x)} \\ 3x + 3 \\ \underline{-(3x + 6)} \\ -3 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

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#1. Teresa has 5 shirts, 3 pairs of shorts and 2 hats. How many different outfits can she wear consisting of one of each?

- A) 45 B) 30 C) 60 D) 14 E) 11

#2a. Factor: $25a^2 - 9b^2$

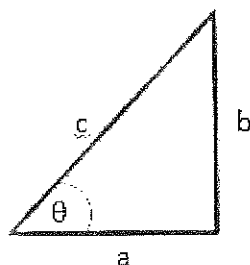
- A) $16a^2b^2$ B) $(5a+3b)^2$ C) $(5a-3b)^2$ D) $(25a-9b)(25a+9b)$ E) $(5a-3b)(5a+3b)$

#2b. Factor: $(x+2)^2 - 4y^2$

- A) $(x+2-2y)(x+2+2y)$ B) $(x+2-2y)^2$ C) $(x+2-4y)(x+2+4y)$
D) $(x+2+2y)^2$ E) x^2+4-4y^2

#3. In the right triangle shown, $\sin \theta =$

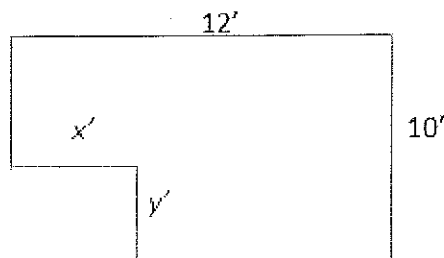
- A) $\frac{a}{b}$ B) $\frac{a}{c}$ C) $\frac{b}{a}$ D) $\frac{b}{c}$ E) $\frac{c}{b}$



#4a. A rectangular room has dimensions as shown:

What is its perimeter in feet?

- A) $44 - x - y$ B) $22 + x + y$ C) 44
D) $44 + x + y$ E) $22 - (x + y)$



#4b. A rectangular room has dimensions $x+4$ by $x-3$. What is its area in terms of x ?

- A) $x^2 - x + 12$ B) $x^2 - 12$ C) $2x + 1$ D) $4x + 2$ E) $x^2 + x - 12$

#5a. $\frac{2}{\cos 2x} =$

- A) $\tan 2x$ B) $2 \sec 2x$ C) $\frac{1}{2} \sec x$ D) $\sin 2x$ E) $\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x$

#5b. $\frac{2}{\cot 3\theta} =$

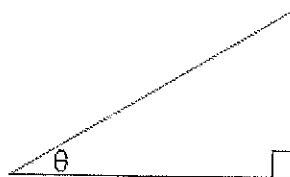
- A) $2 \sin 3\theta$ B) $\frac{\tan 3\theta}{2}$ C) $\frac{2 \cos \theta}{3}$ D) $2 \tan 3\theta$ E) $6 \tan \theta$

#6. If $a = \frac{b}{2}$, what is the value of $4(a+1)^2$ in terms of b ?

- A) $2b^2 + 4b + 4$ B) $b^2 + 2b + 1$ C) $4b^2 + 2b + 4$ D) $2b^2 + 2b + 1$ E) $b^2 + 4b + 4$

#7. If $\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$, then $\sec \theta =$

- A) $\frac{5}{12}$ B) $\frac{13}{5}$ C) $\frac{13}{12}$ D) $\frac{12}{13}$ E) $\frac{5}{13}$



#8. If $\begin{cases} a+b+c=7 \\ a+c=2 \\ 2a+b+c=11 \end{cases}$, what is the value of a ?

- A) 5 B) 3 C) -2 D) 7 E) 4

#9. Simplify: $\left(\frac{a^2-3a+2}{a-1}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{a+2}{a^2-4}\right)$

- A) $\frac{a+2}{a-2}$ B) $\frac{3a+2}{a-2}$ C) a D) $\frac{a-2}{a+2}$ E) 1

#10. If $\left(\frac{-3xy}{z^2}\right)^2 = -3p(x^2y^2)$, then $p =$

- A) $\frac{-3}{z^4}$ B) $3z^4$ C) $\frac{-1}{z^4}$ D) $\frac{-3xy}{z^4}$ E) $-3z^4$

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- A) 4 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1 E) 0

#12. If $|3x-5|=10$, then $x =$

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- A) $3x+3$ B) $\frac{3}{x+2}$ C) $\frac{3}{x+1}$ D) 3 E) $3x+1$

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D) $-2 < x < 2$ E) All Real numbers except -2

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#16. Which of the following is **not** in the solutions set of $|x-3| \leq 2$?

- A) 3 B) 4 C) 1 D) 0 E) 2

#17. What is the difference between the largest and the smallest y values of the function $y = 2\sin 3x$?

- A) 3 B) 2 C) 6 D) 4 E) 1

#18. If a_n is a sequence whose n^{th} term is $2^{(n+1)} - 2^{(n-1)}$, then what is a_4 ?

- A) 32 B) 4 C) 64 D) 8 E) 24

#19a. If f is a quadratic function that has zeros that are the same distance in opposite directions from the origin, which of these is f ?

- A) $x^2 - 2x + 1$ B) $x^2 + 1$ C) $x^2 + 4x$ D) $x^2 - x$ E) $x^2 - 4$

#19b. If f is a quadratic function that has zeros seven units apart, which of these is f ?

- A) $x^2 - 6x - 7$ B) $x^2 - 8x + 7$ C) $x^2 + x - 12$ D) $x^2 - 8x + 12$ E) $x^2 - 7x + 6$

#20a. Which of the following lines has slope $-\frac{3}{4}$?

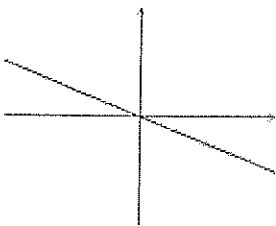
- A) $4x - 3y = 1$ B) $4x + 3y = 6$ C) $3x + 4y = 2$ D) $3x - 4y = 12$ E) $x + y = -\frac{3}{4}$

#20b. Which of the following lines has intercepts at $x = 3$, and $y = 2$?

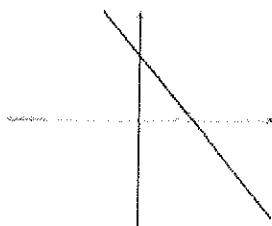
- A) $2x + 3y = 6$ B) $2x - y = 6$ C) $3x - 2y = 6$ D) $2x - 3y = 6$ E) $3x + 2y = 6$

#20c. Which of the following graphs could represent $3x + 2y = 12$?

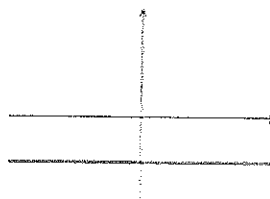
A)



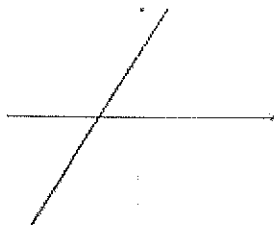
B)



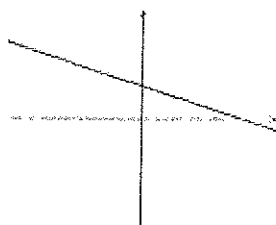
C)



D)



E)



#21a. Which of the following functions contains the points $(0, 1)$ and $(2, 1)$?

- A) $y = 2|x - 1|$ B) $y = |x + 1|$ C) $y = |x - 1|$ D) $y = |x - 2|$ E) $y = |2x - 1|$

#21b. Which of the following quadratic functions contains the points $(-2, 0)$ and $(3, 0)$?

- A) $y = x^2 + x + 6$ B) $y = x^2 - x - 6$ C) $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$ D) $y = x^2 + x - 6$ E) $y = 9x^2 - 4$

#22a. The curve $y = 4^x$ intersects the line $y = 8$ at which of the following points?

- A) $(2, 8)$ B) $(4, 8)$ C) $(1, 8)$ D) $\left(\frac{2}{3}, 8\right)$ E) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 8\right)$

#22b. At which x value(s) does the curve $y = x^2 + 2$ intersect the line $y = 6$?

- A) no values B) 4 only C) 4 and -4 D) 2 and -2 E) 2 only

#23a. If $\frac{6}{3 + \sqrt{3}} = a - b\sqrt{3}$, then $a - b =$

- A) 6 B) 3 C) 9 D) 2 E) 1

#23b. Where it is define, $\frac{\sqrt{x} - 2}{x - 4}$ is equivalent to

- A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2}$ B) $\sqrt{x} - 2$ C) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2$ D) $\sqrt{x} + 2$ E) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + 2}$

#24. Which of the following functions contains the point $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}, 2\right)$?

- A) $y = 2 \sin x$ B) $y = \csc x$ C) $y = \tan x$ D) $y = 2 \sec x$ E) $y = 2 \cot x$

#25. $\sum_{k=-2}^1 \frac{2k}{k+3} = ?$

- A) $\frac{9}{2}$ B) -4 C) 5 D) $-\frac{9}{2}$ E) -5

#26a. f contains the points $(3, 1)$ and $(1, -3)$. If f^{-1} is the inverse of f , what is the value of $f^{-1}(f(3))$?

- A) $\frac{1}{3}$ B) $-\frac{1}{3}$ C) 3 D) -1 E) 1

#26b. A linear function f has slope 2 and y-intercept 3. What are the slope and y-intercept of its inverse f^{-1} ?

- A) $\frac{1}{2}$ and -3 B) -2 and $\frac{1}{3}$ C) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $-\frac{3}{2}$ D) $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ E) -2 and -3

#27. The line $y = 3x + 1$ intersects the line $y = kx - 2$ where $x = 1$. What is the value of k ?

- A) 4 B) 7 C) 6 D) 1 E) 2

#28a. If $(2+i)(3+i) = a+bi$, what is the value of $a+b$?

- A) 3 B) 2 C) 10 D) 5 E) 9

#28b. If $(3+i)^2 = a+bi$, what is the value of $a+b$?

- A) 15 B) 8 C) 5 D) 14 E) 16

#29a. Mary's age now is 6 years more than twice the sum of the ages of her two children. In 3 years her age will be 22 years less than three times the sum of their ages. How old is Mary now?

- A) 32 B) 35 C) 27 D) 29 E) 26

#29b. If Tanya could increase her running speed by 1 mph, she could complete a six mile race in 18 minutes less time. What is her current rate in mph?

- A) 4 B) 5 C) 3.5 D) 4.5 E) 3

#30a. If $x-3$ is a factor of $x^3 + bx^2 - 9$, then $b =$

- A) 9 B) 1 C) -3 D) -2 E) 3

#30b. If $2x^3 - cx + 3$ is divided by $x+2$, the remainder is -3 . What is the value of c ?

- A) 5 B) 3 C) 1 D) 2 E) -3